

# THE REBELS WILL BE SEEN IN THE MIDDLEWEST

Investigation by Legislature to Be Made of Complaints From Florence.

LEGISLATURE WILL HAVE JOINT HEARING

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 21.—Those persons who came in from Florence protesting against the being permitted to run at large in the streets of the town, and other conditions alleged to exist, are to be investigated by both the senate and the house. A joint hearing will be held next Monday, at which the mayor of Florence, the aldermen, warden of the penitentiary, parole clerk, captain of the guard and two persons who circulated the petition will be examined.

The house committee on public institutions recommended that these persons be subpoenaed to appear Monday, but did not contemplate that it should be a joint investigation. Such an arrangement was far from the thoughts of the committee members, but they were outgunned by the governor's friends in the house.

When the committee's report was submitted, representative Brooks, of Gila county, moved that the committee be instructed to confer with the senate regarding the proposed action. It was the psychological moment to make such a motion, for several representatives who would have voted against it were not in the room.

About six were out of the city, had not arrived at the capital, or for some reason were not on hand to vote.

A rising vote was taken. It was 15 to 14 in favor of the adoption of Brooks' motion.

Afterward the administration people declared that they had won a signal victory. They did not believe that an investigation before the house alone, which is anti-administration when all members are present, would have been fair, but they were not afraid of a joint investigation by the house and senate. They express every confidence that the conditions reported in the petitions are badly overdrawn.

In the senate a committee composed of Harrison, Hechtman, C. R. Wood, Roberts and Chase was appointed to investigate the Florence protests. This is the committee with which the house committee on public institutions will confer. No fear is expressed that the senators will refuse to agree to an investigation such as has been proposed.

Anti-Tipping Bill Passed.

Senator Pae's anti-tipping bill passed the senate yesterday by a vote of 13 to five. Senators Sims, Levin, Kinney, Harrison and Cunniff voted against it.

Without division, Harrison's bill to raise the fee for inspecting livestock from 5 to 10 cents a head was passed and sent to the house.

There was practically no division in the passage of Hughes's anti-third degree law, or Worsley's measure to extend the term of county assessors from two to four years.

New Three-Cent Fare Law.

A real live bill, one that is going to give the railroad attorneys an opportunity to collect some more fees, was introduced by senator Worsley. It is a 3-cent fare law, with an emergency clause.

The exact effect which this bill will have if passed is a matter for lawyers to determine. Its author says that it will take the present fare cases out of the federal courts.

A 3-cent fare law was passed by the legislature at its first session. The railroads invoked the referendum, therefore suspending its operation. But the people approved it in the November election by an overwhelming majority.

Immediately thereafter the railroads began a fight in the federal courts, declaring the law to be confiscatory and unjust. Its operation is now suspended until the cases in the United States courts are settled.

Senator Worsley's bill will put the three-cent fare law into operation immediately, and the railroads can evade it, he says, by appeal to the corporation commission and proving the unfairness of the law. The old law is superseded and therefore the present court actions will be invalidated. The bill was rushed through first and second readings and passed to the style and revision committee.

Hughes's Land Bill.

Another argument over senator Hughes's bill to permit the state to give land to the railroads for use as educational purposes alone, was had. An amendment, proposed by H. E. Wood, was adopted, 11 to 2. This amendment provides that the institution must be chartered by the government. The bill went to the enrolling committee.

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Blanchard Is Arrested For Making Them, Released and Renews Them.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT THE CAUSE OF IT

SANTA FE, N. M., Feb. 21.—W. E. Blanchard, member of the house from Lincoln county, resigned his seat in the house this morning, following a writ of habeas corpus issued by district judge E. C. Abbott, at 10 a. m. Prior to the appearance of Blanchard, speaker E. C. de Baca named a committee consisting of representatives Cooley and Nichols to ask Mr. Blanchard to resume his seat and to inform him that he was "forgotten." The committee returned with Blanchard.

"I resign my seat by court order and under protest," said Blanchard. "I now retract my statement that the report of the committee of \$1000 by speaker Baca as a contingent expense fund, shows that it was expended illegally, and am not here at the request of the speaker, but because I am a member of this house."

Blanchard was arrested yesterday afternoon by the sergeant at arms on order of the speaker, who charged him with refusing to obey the order of the presiding officer.

Among the bills passed in the house today was one by Mr. Carter giving nine men of a jury in civil cases the right to render a verdict.

Start of the Trouble.

The trouble started yesterday over the resolution of Blanchard on Tuesday, which called upon speaker Baca for accounting of the contingent fund. Blanchard had offered a resolution providing for a committee to audit the accounts of the speaker, who was to pay out \$1000 as contingent expenses of the last legislature, and report at this session. The resolution was then adopted.

It was a reflection on his honor, and Thursday night moved to reconsider the action of the house and it was carried, only Blanchard, Catron and Burg voting in the negative. The original resolution was then laid on the table.

The speaker then presented an itemized statement of the expenditures with vouchers attached. This statement was adopted by the house. Then there were some harsh words between Blanchard and the speaker, the latter claiming that it was a personal insult to him. Blanchard denied the statement, whereupon he was declared out of order and commanded to sit down.

Speaker Groves Wrathful.

When the speaker declared the speaker ordered the sergeant at arms to place him under arrest and remove him from the house. He was declared out of order and was finally arrested and removed from the house.

When the sergeant at arms approached Blanchard, several other parties gathered around him and a determination was made for a few moments as if there would be a rough and tumble affair. But the speaker's men, who were armed and did not offer any resistance to being removed.

Catron then ordered that Blanchard be taken to the house and he was taken there and held until he was released.

Later Catron notified the speaker and his house that he would not institute habeas corpus proceedings to test the power of the speaker under the new constitution. He said that he would appeal to the law and would not appeal to the speaker's house when an appeal had been made to the house.

When the speaker said after adjournment that since the affair had gone as far as it had, he would appeal to the law and would not appeal to the speaker's house when an appeal had been made to the house.

Llewellyn Wants a Probe.

Llewellyn wants a probe on the house by offering a resolution providing for a committee to investigate the actions of Bryan B. Dunne, city editor of the New Mexican, as a coal oil inspector.

The reason claimed is that he had received as salary as much as \$1500 for which he had not secured a certificate, and provides that the report of the committee be made to the attorney general to take such action as he thought necessary to recover the said amount.

The resolution was amended so as to apply to all coal oil inspectors in the state.

Messages From Governor.

Two messages from the governor were read in the house. The first was a message from the attorney general regarding the case of the boundary of Texas and New Mexico. The second was a message from the attorney general regarding the case of the boundary of Texas and New Mexico.

MANY FOREIGN COUNTRIES WILL EXHIBIT AT SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Feb. 21.—Two years to a day before the official date of the opening of the Panama-Pacific International exposition, Chas. C. Moore, its president, issued a statement today that the exposition was already being further along than was planned, that 28 foreign countries have accepted the invitation of the United States to participate and the exposition will be ready before the date.

The salary bill was again laid over by the senate until today at 2 o'clock.

TEXAS ALSO WANTS THE LIFE OF MADERO SPARED

AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 21.—Members of the legislature would have Gen. Huerta, provisional president of Mexico, spare the life of former president Madero. Accordingly today the matter was prepared by representative Llewellyn, of Dallas, and signed by about 40 members of the house, was wired to United States senators Sheppard and Culberson at Washington, urging them to take some action which would have the effect of sparing the life of Madero.

The petition was also wired to ambassador Wilson in Mexico City, urging him to take up the matter with the provisional president on the grounds that it would be a cold blooded murder to execute Madero, especially as he tried to be humane in his administration.

House Favors Exemption From Proceedings Under Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

BIG NAVY ADVOCATES SCORE IN FIRST TILT

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—Prohibition of prosecution of labor unions and farmers' organizations, under the Sherman anti-trust law by the department of justice, was written into the sundry civil appropriation bill by the house.

By a vote of 22 to 22, an amendment offered by representative Harrell, of Texas, was adopted providing that no part of an appropriation of \$300,000 authorized for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law should be expended to prosecute any voluntary organization of workmen, or a similar organization, or any cooperative organization, offered by representative Roddenberry, of Georgia, was adopted.

Want Two Battleships.

The naval appropriation bill carrying \$14,000,000 for the purchase of two battleships, one transport, one supply ship, six torpedo boat destroyers and four submarines, was also reported to the house.

An amendment to provide for one battleship and one transport, and to increase the economy advocates gaining two votes. Representative Harrell, of Texas, and Representative Roddenberry, of Georgia, gave notice that they would file minority reports. Representative Roddenberry, of Georgia, one of the leading "no battleship" men, said he did not intend to filibuster against the bill, but would oppose it on the floor of the house and insist upon a recorded vote.

"Big Navy" Men Confident.

The "big navy" men of the house are confident of putting the bill through the senate and it is believed that construction among the Democrats was almost equally divided while a considerable majority of the Republicans favor building at least two this year.

Last year, when only one battleship was authorized, the amount for the navy by two dreadnoughts, the bill increased the amount for pay of the navy by \$2,000,000, and made substantial increases for allowance of armor, armament, ammunition, fuel and supplies.

Ask Money for Exposition.

Senators are asking for the participation of the United States in the San Francisco exposition in 1915, and the bill carries an appropriation of \$1,500,000.

TEXAS SENATE IS IN SESSION AGAIN

AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 21.—Business was resumed today in the senate, there being 21 members present. The chair was immediately taken by the speaker and bills, many of them for the passage of the Katy consolidation bill over the governor's veto, were introduced and opposing the Lattimore bill which prohibits the operation of San Antonio street cars.

Senator Bradford today introduced in the senate a bill to prohibit white slave traffic in Texas. The bill seeks to prevent the procurement of women and for its violation a fine of \$1000 to \$5000 is provided, or imprisonment for one to three years.

LAWYERS WRANGLE IN THE HYDE TRIAL

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 21.—The bitter wrangle of the third trial of the late Col. Thomas H. Swope, who was killed in the explosion at the World's Fair, was continued today when attorneys for the defense and the prosecution, who were engaged in a heated argument, were ordered by the court to withdraw from the courtroom.

The reason claimed is that the Swope case is a matter for the jury to decide, and the attorneys are not to interfere with the jury's deliberations. The court ordered the attorneys to withdraw from the courtroom and to return only when called by the court.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTS NATHAN B. GOSS TO SENATE.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 21.—Federal judge Nathan B. Goss was elected today by the legislature in joint session today.

Great Fun For Juvenile El Paso; Free Tickets To Campbell Shows

Motion Picture Man Will Perpetuate the Scene at The Herald Office and the Carnival Grounds in Moving Picture Films, Which Will Be Shown All Over the United States.

MOTION pictures will be made and shown throughout the United States of The Herald family's outing Saturday when the children of the city attend "Campbell's Big Shows" as guests of the El Paso Herald.

I. L. Watson, of Rocky Ford, Colo., who is an expert motion photographer, is here with his cameras ready to make the films, which he says, will be displayed in motion picture play houses throughout the United States as a part of the Gaumont Week. He is the representative of the Gaumont company in the southwest, and has come here especially to snap the great crowd of children who are expected to accept The Herald's hospitality and be members of the Happy Herald family on Saturday.

A series of motion pictures will be made of the crowds in front of The Herald building so that each Sunday afternoon, when the children of the city attend "Campbell's Big Shows" as guests of the El Paso Herald, the children will be shown everything which has happened to make the great Campbell United Shows attractive.

The camera man will be everywhere snapping his picture machine kodak and snapping the happy glad faces of juvenile El Paso at play. At the five o'clock show, a special section for the little folks, "at home" of Mr. and Mrs. Leo in the lion's cage, by the side of old Pete Fryhorn's incubator, and around the monkey cage where Mutt and Jeff cavort, the picture man will stand so that the children will make permanent records of the happy faces of the great Herald family upon the sensitized films of his camera.

Free tickets for the circus will be distributed from the front door of The Herald building beginning at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Every child in El Paso will be given a ticket admitting him or her to all attractions on the ground, including rides on the merry-go-round and the Ferris wheel.

State Is Covered With From Two to Seven Inches of Snow; Is Still Freezing.

STORM WILL SAVE THE WHEAT CROPS

TOPEKA, KANS., Feb. 21.—Up to noon all Kansas was covered with from two to seven inches of snow, and the snow was still falling. Not since a year ago has there been as heavy and as general a snow as the present one. It started shortly after noon yesterday and continued until this morning. Then the storm broke again with every indication of continuing throughout the day.

According to the railroad reports there are five to seven inches of snow throughout eastern Kansas, four and five inches through central Kansas and two to six inches through the western part of the state. In southern Kansas the snow is lighter and mixed with rain. The snow is very wet and heavy and there is no wind to drift it. The railroads are having some trouble because of the lighter and mixed with rain ahead, but the storm is not blocking any of the roads.

The railroad officials here are interested unusually in the weather reports as the snow means hundreds of thousands of dollars to them. Through northern and central Kansas the winter has been unusually dry, and reports of snow have been coming in for several days. The snow came at just the right time, according to the railroad officials.

SNOW IS GENERAL IN MIDDLEWEST

Series of Snow, Sleet and Rain Storms Extending From South Dakota to Texas Delay Traffic.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 21.—The mid-west was cut off for several hours today from communication with the rest of the country. A series of snow, sleet and rain storms prevailed, trains were delayed and telegraph and telephone wires demoralized.

In Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota a snow of from one to three inches was general. Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma and North Texas experienced only rains which at many points turned to sleet, while Illinois reported a blending of sleet and snow.

SLEET STORM IN CHICAGO DELAYS ALL RAIL TRAFFIC

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 21.—Rain and sleet partially paralyzed street car and elevated line traffic in Chicago for a time today. Hundreds of telegraph and telephone wires were reported down, not only in this city but in the surrounding country. Railroad trains had been going over glassy rails and mails in consequence were delayed for hours.

SNOW AT DALLAS.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 21.—A four inch snow fell here and at 5 o'clock it was still falling.

MASONIC GRANDMASTERS WILL VISIT WASHINGTON'S TOMB.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Feb. 21.—When the third annual meeting of the George Washington Masonic Memorial association was called to order today, grandmasters from 25 states had arrived prepared to welcome president Taft when he reached here in a private car from Washington over the electric line.

The principal topic of discussion at the morning session was the erection of a temple in this city as a memorial to the first president. The session will last over until tomorrow and tomorrow morning a pilgrimage will be made to the tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon.

REBELS MAKE DEMAND.

The rebels are prepared to accept the terms of the federal district, and this condition is to be the immediate application of the land clause in the San Luis Potosi plan as formulated in the Madero revolution and later accepted by all revolutionary forces.

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Willing to Lay Down Their Arms if the Land Clause Is Agreed to.

WILL NOT "FALL" FOR MADERO PLANS

VERY effort is being made by the new government of Mexico to placate the rebels and induce them to lay down their arms. Since the dispatch of the telegram from Pascual Orozco, jr., to Gen. Felix Diaz on Thursday, his father at Nuevo Laredo, who had previously declined to accept Huerta, has agreed to the provisional presidency and this brings the Orozco's in line.

It is believed that David de la Fuente and Manuel Garza Aldapa, appointed to the new cabinet, will have influence enough on most of the rebels to cause their temporary cessation of hostilities, but it is reported that the rebels will insist on being allowed to retain their arms for the time being and continue in the military service of the government under their present officers. Vies Salazar is said to be slated for governor of Chihuahua.

This would leave only Rios, Emilio Campa and a few of the lesser lights to be placated, as Gen. Antonio Rabal, a federal commander at Chihuahua, has already concluded terms of an amicable nature with Marcelo Caraved.

Gomez For Diaz Cabinet.

In the event of the cessation of hostilities by the rebels of the north, which seems possible, Emilio Vasquez Gomez, provisional president, will be left without any support except that of Emilio Zapata, in the south. Gomez and Felix Diaz have always been close friends and it is believed that a promise of a cabinet position with Diaz in the event of the elevation of Diaz to the presidency, will bring Gomez in line.

It is considered less probable today than ever that the rebels will "fall" for the Madero scheme to continue the revolt, joined by the Maderistas. The rebels have much more to fear from the success of such a fight than from anything that could come out of Huerta's military dictatorship, and nothing to gain by joining the Maderistas, as Madero might again be elevated and they have openly and avowedly been fighting only for the elimination of Madero and his cabinet.

Rebels Have No Cards to Play.

This has been accomplished and the rebels which had been just fallen, can be considered nothing less than bandits if they continue in the field, for the only thing they claimed to be fighting for was the overthrow of Madero. Now that this has been accomplished, it is argued by many of their own men that they must quit fighting and give the country a chance to recover if they have any patriotic left.

What may come following the elevation of another man to the presidency is another thing, but at present it appears to be the rebel sentiment to quit fighting, but continue to maintain the present rebel military organization as a matter of precaution.

Huerta Trying For Peace.

That the Huerta cabinet is endeavoring to bring about peace, is shown by the following telegram from Rodolfo Reyes, one of the members of the cabinet, sent to rebels in El Paso on Thursday night:

"The triumphant government congratulates itself highly with having the sympathy of the worthy revolution of the north. Since the first moment, we have been considering seriously your revolution and last night we telegraphed to Manuel Garza Aldapa and David de la Fuente. It is urgent you send there at once, have every power and guarantee we beg of you to join with us and to arrange a suspension of hostilities with Gen. Huerta, whom we have just telegraphed this same proposition. (Signed) 'Rodolfo Reyes'."

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Former Mexican President Will Be Tried and Probably Deported—New Administration Charges That He Had Planned Wholesale Murder of His Enemies. Suarez and Garza Are Still Held Prisoners Along With the Downfallen President.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Feb. 21.—Concern over the actual coming of peace to the republic today caused speculation on the fate of Francisco Madero, deposed president of Mexico.

Dispatches indicated that Gen. Pascual Orozco, jr., was coming to the capital to personally express allegiance to the new government.

No word has come from Gen. Alberto Fuentes de la O, and disquieting reports that the governors of four states—Aguaascalientes, Nuevo Leon, Coahuila and Sonora—have openly refused allegiance, have made the situation more complex. Federal troops will be dispatched to these states to check any rebellious movements, it is understood.

MADERO STILL HELD.

Madero, with Jose Pino Suarez and Frederico Gonzales Garza, remained under guard all night. Senora Madero, who has been her husband's closest adviser, broke down today under the strain. She has for several days been tireless in pleading that her husband be saved from death, and Gen. Huerta has personally assured her that Madero will not be killed.

Solidarity for the personal safety of Madero was given by provisional president Huerta to diplomats today as the reason why the ex-president cannot be removed from the capital for the present. President Huerta recalled to his visitors the attack upon the train which bore ex-president Diaz to Veracruz on his exile to Europe when Huerta himself was in command of the escort.

INVESTIGATING THE RECORDS.

The president added that the investigation of the records of the Madero administration was being continued with great care.

Charges, which are not altogether substantiated, were made today by the new authorities declaring that the Madero administration in its extremity was contemplating a wholesale slaughter. More than one list of names of those prescribed has been found.

The police office has evidence that orders to kill several prominent men had been issued.

New Government Completed.

The last details of the organization of Mexico's new government were completed at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the members of president Huerta's official family took the oath in the yellow room in the palace, immediately above that occupied by the deposed president and vice president. Unable to witness the scenes from their room, Madero and Suarez were able to hear the plaudits from the crowds in the streets and the bugle calls of the armed army. Significant of the birth in battle of the administration was the frank display of soldiers as they effect on the crowds was not lost.

It served as a reminder that even if it were not a military dictatorship, it had been established, the present administration was of much sterner fiber than that which had just fallen.

Felix Diaz Is Present.

Gen. Felix Diaz was among those in the yellow room when the ministers took the oath and heard Huerta pronounce the formal time-honored phrase: "I swear to keep this oath, the country will reward you and I will not let it call you to an accounting."

Gen. Diaz was present, ostensibly in no official capacity, but as a private citizen, which he became many months ago on resigning his commission as commander in chief of the army.

Madero and Suarez Charged.

Madero and Pino Suarez betrayed in their flight from the capital, the charges which they must have felt, according to officers of the guard. Neither Madero nor Suarez, however, showed any signs of being affected by the charges. A sneer showed on the face of the former vice president, but the dejection of the former vice president was too great apparently to permit of any other emotion.

Three Held Together.

Federico Gonzales Garza, the former governor of the federal district, is a third prisoner occupying the room. There is no partition. Each man is furnished with a bed, and meals are brought to the room. The three are guarded by soldiers, and are not permitted to leave the room without a guard.

Madero's Plans Secret.

Madero said nothing about his plans, even as he mentioned the Madero government. The members of his family are equally reticent, but those most intimate with them, considering the fact that the entire family will emigrate to South America, if the opportunity is offered.

Gustavo Madero, who was shot Wednesday, remarked on one occasion that South America was a light one, as a refuge just before the Madero revolution. The government of Porfirio Diaz will take consideration of the fact that Madero and his family were beaten and had made all arrangements to buy property in South America.

The treasury department is closed, pending its formal delivery to the new government by the retiring minister of finance, Ernesto Madero.